Chapter 2
Topic 9 Control, punishment and victims
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Activity: Media
Surveillance

Learning objectives

At the end of this activity you should be able to:

- Identify changes to the types of surveillance made possible using social media.
- Explain how social media change the way we surveille each other.
- Explain how surveillance of social media can be used for social sorting.
- A. Working in groups, watch the following clip and then in pairs, answer the questions below.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_hX1r2Tbv5g

- 1. List the different kinds of personal data that the 'mind reader' was able to access from the internet.
- 2. What does the section about mind reading show about the amount of personal data that is accessible on the internet?
- 3. What personal data do social media contain?
- 4. What do social media do with your personal data?
- 5. Which groups or organisations might access your social media account?
- 6. How might those who access your social media account use the information they find?
- 7. What is the 'market logic' used by social media such as Facebook?
- 8. How do we help social media with this market logic?
- 9. In what way might our visibility to the world be different from how we might want to present ourselves?
- 10. In what ways are we doing the surveillance?
- 11. What is the likely impact of people being tracked and monitored by other social media users?
- 12. What does Lyon suggest about consumer culture and surveillance?
- 13. According to Lyon, what are the positives of social media?
- 14. What does Lyon mean by us having a 'digital dimension' to our lives?
- 15. Given the proliferation of social media, why do we need to ask some new questions about surveillance?
- 16. In what ways do social media normalise surveillance?
- 17. In what ways do we need to change information policies and accountability?
- 18. Explain what is meant by 'social sorting' and 'de-marketing'.
- 19. What do we risk if we don't make changes to how our data is used?
- 20. Give one example of the impact of fear of surveillance.
- B. From your answers to the above, how would you explain how social media change the way we are surveilled?